MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

(MAPLE)



PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

SECTION 1.

MATERIAL IDENTIFICATION

Our Grating and frame are functional, attractive and economical solution to exterior and interior drainage problem provides

a dynamic and contemporary appearance to complement today's architectural spaces. MATERIAL USED

MANUFACTURER'S NAME

BRASS: Brass is an alloy made primarily of copper and zinc.

SAKSHI INNOVATIONS PRIVATE LIMITED

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SECTION 2. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

CAS No.

7440-66-6

% Weight

0.0038

36.49

None in its solid state .High concentrations of dust and fumes may cause irritation to

Respiratory system, kidney, liver, central nervous system, eyes and skin.

COPPER & ZINC (as Oxide): Inhalation overexposure to copper or zinc oxide may cause metal fume fever characterized by fever and chills (i.e. flu-like symptoms)

Inhalation overexposures may cause a benign pneumoconiosis (stannosis) with

Remove to fresh air, breathing and presence of pulse. If necessary consult a

Rare in industry. Dust may irritate mouth and gastrointestinal tract. If ingested,

Not applicable for solid product. Use extinguishers appropriate for surrounding

metal fire – use a use Class D fire extinguishers (dry powder or sand) for fires

Operations with the potential for generating high concentrations of airborne particulates should be evaluated and controlled as necessary. Practice good

Use controls as appropriate to minimize exposure to metal fumes and dusts

Seek professional advice prior to respirator selection and use. Follow OSHA

continue to use gloves or work clothing that has become saturated or soaked through with oil coating. Wash skin that has been exposed to oil with soap and

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will Not Occur.

According to our experience and information the product has no harmful effects

The product is practically insoluble in water. In views of its consistency and insolubility in water, no ecological Problems are to be expected if the product is

environmental professional and disposed of in accordance with applicable

respirator regulations (29 CFR 1910.134) and, if necessary, wear a NIOSH-approved respirator. Select respirator based on its suitability to provide adequate worker protection for given working conditions, level of airborne contamination, and

housekeeping. Avoid breathing metal fume and/or dust.

Store away from acids and incompatible materials.

Chemical Composition Carbon 7440-44-0 Zinc

■ Iron	<i>7</i> 439-89-6	0.034
Manganese	<i>7</i> 439-96-5	0.0033
Phosphorus	<i>77</i> 23-14-0	0.0014
Silicon	7440-21-3	0.003
■ Sulphur	7704-34-9	0.003
■ Nickel	7440-02-0	0.006
■ Lead	7439-92-1	0.02
Aluminium	7429-90-5	0.0045
■ Beryllium	7440-41-7	0.007
Copper	7440-50-8	63.40
■ Silver	7440-22-4	0.005
■ Bismuth	7440-69-9	0.0046
■ Tin	<i>7</i> 440-31-5	0.0014
Antimony	7440-36-0	0.010
Arsenic	7440-38-2	0.003
4		
HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION		

operations may generates dusts, fumes and machine turnings that may create a health or fire or explosion hazard.

SECTION 3.

ROUTES OF ENTRY:

TARGET ORGANS

TO MATERIAL

TIN

INHALATION

INGESTION

SECTION 5.

FLAMMABILITY CLASSIFICATION

MEANS OF EXTINCTION

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING

HANDLING PRECAUTIONS

STORAGE REQUIREMENTS

ENGINEERING CONTROLS

ADMINISTRATIVE CONTROLS

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

DENSITYG/CM3

HARDNESS (HV5)

SECTION 10.

POSSIBILITY OF HAZARDOUS

STABILITY

EFFECTS OF ACUTE EXPOSURE

the eyes. Inhalation of metal fumes and dusts generated during welding, burning, grinding or machining may cause irritations of the respiratory tract. Flu-like symptoms such as fever and chills may occur a few hours after excessive exposure. Dust and fumes can cause irritation to the skin with itching, dermatitis may occur.

Brass allous in their usual form and under normal conditions do not present an inhalation, inaestion or contact health hazard or fire or explosion hazard. Operations such as welding, brazing, burning, grinding, cutting, heat treating, machining or similar

which appear 4-6 hours after exposure with no longterm effects.

EFFECTS OF CHRONIC EXPOSURE TO MATERIAL LEAD Chronic exposures may cause lead poisoning that can affect the digestive system, nervous system, reproductive systems, muscles and joints. IARC lists lead and its

"possibly carcinogenic to humans".

inorganic compounds under its Group 2B category -

few or no symptoms, which is reported not to be disabling.

SECTION 4. FIRST AIDS MEASURES **EYES** Flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 min, holding eyes lids open.

Seek medical attention if eyes irritation persist.

SKIN Maintain good personal hygiene. Wash affected area with mild soap and water. Seek medical attention if eyes irritation persist.

seek medical attention promptly. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Non-flammable. Will not support combustion.

physician immediately.

HAZARDOUS COMBUSTION PRODUCTS At temperatures above the melting point, fumes containing metal oxides and other alloying elements may be liberated.

UNUSUAL FIRE HAZARDS Finely divided particles or dusts such as those produced during grinding may present an explosion hazard, and should be treated as a Class D combustible

involving powders or dusts.

materials.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES Minimal problems with spills of this product would be expected to occur because of its solid form. **SECTION 7. HANDELING & STORAGE**

Do not use water on molten metal.

EXPOSURE CONTROLS/ PERSONAL PROTECTIONS SECTION 8.

VENTILATION Provide general or local exhaust ventilation systems to minimize airborne concentrations. Local exhaust ventilation is preferred because it prevents contamination dispersion into the work area by controlling it at its source.

Do not use compressed air to clean-up spills.

during handling operations.

PROTECTIVE CLOTHING/EQUIPMENT Use protective clothing, gloves and safety glasses or goggles as required for welding, burning, sawing, brazing, grinding or machining operations. Do not

presence of sufficient oxygen.

water or waterless hand cleaner. PHYSICAL PROPERTIES OF FLOOR GRATING WITH FRAME SECTION 9.

REACTIONS TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION SECTION 11.

8.5

135

REACTIVITY AND STABILITY

SECTION 12. **ECHOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

properly handled.

on health if properly handled.

The product is stable.

DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS SECTION 13. DISPOSAL Brass scrap should be recycled whenever possible. Product dusts and fumes from processing operations should also be recycled, or classified by a competent

CONTAINER CLEANING AND DISPOSAL : Follow applicable Federal, state or local regulations. Observe safe handling

Federal, state or local regulations.

Material is not listed as a hazardous substance for any mode of transportation.

SECTION 15.

REMARKS

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

REGULATORY INFORMATION : The product as a whole is not listed. However, individual components of the

> i.e. ≤ 0.1 %w/w as per the candidate list promulgated by the European Chemicals Agency (ECHA) which are defined in Article 57 of REACH Regulation (EC1907/2006)

OSHA REGULATIONS product are listed.

Product is in compliance with substance of Very High Concern (SVHC)

checked by Tuv-Nord Group. OTHER INFORMATION SECTION 16.

DISCLAIMER The data contained herein is based on information that SAKSHI INNOVATIONS PVT. LTD. believes to be reliable, but no expressed or implied warranty is made with regard to the accuracy of such data or its suitability for

a given situation.